115TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H. R. 4768

To require the President to develop a national strategy to combat the financial networks of transnational organized criminals, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

January 11, 2018

Mr. Kustoff of Tennessee (for himself and Ms. Sinema) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Financial Services

A BILL

To require the President to develop a national strategy to combat the financial networks of transnational organized criminals, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "National Strategy for
- 5 Combating the Financing of Transnational Criminal Or-
- 6 ganizations Act".
- 7 SEC. 2. NATIONAL STRATEGY.
- 8 (a) In General.—The President, acting through the
- 9 Secretary of the Treasury, shall, in consultation with the
- 10 Attorney General, the Secretary of State, the Secretary

- 1 of Homeland Security, the Director of National Intel-
- 2 ligence, the Secretary of Defense, the Director of the Drug
- 3 Enforcement Administration, the Commissioner of Cus-
- 4 toms and Border Protection, the Director of the Office
- 5 of National Drug Control Policy, and the Federal func-
- 6 tional regulators, develop a national strategy to combat
- 7 the financial networks of transnational organized crimi-
- 8 nals.

(b) Transmittal to Congress.—

- 10 (1) In General.—Not later than one year
- after the enactment of this Act, the President shall
- submit to the appropriate Congressional committees
- and make available to the relevant government agen-
- cies as defined in subsection (a), a comprehensive
- national strategy in accordance with subsection (a).
- 16 (2) UPDATES.—After the initial submission of
- the national strategy under paragraph (1), the
- President shall, not less often than every 2 years,
- 19 update the national strategy and submit the updated
- strategy to the appropriate Congressional commit-
- 21 tees.
- (c) Separate Presentation of Classified Ma-
- 23 TERIAL.—Any part of the national strategy that involves
- 24 information that is properly classified under criteria estab-
- 25 lished by the President shall be submitted to Congress sep-

- 1 arately in a classified annex and, if requested by the chair-
- 2 man or ranking member of one of the appropriate Con-
- 3 gressional committees, as a briefing at an appropriate level
- 4 of security.

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5 SEC. 3. CONTENTS OF NATIONAL STRATEGY.

- 6 The national strategy described in section 2 shall con-7 tain the following:
- 8 (1) Threats.—An identification and assess-9 ment of the most significant current transnational 10 organized crime threats posed to the national secu-11 rity of the United States, including drug and human 12 trafficking organizations, cyber criminals, and other 13 relevant entities, including those identified in the 14 President's "Strategy to Combat Transnational Or-15 ganized Crime" (published July 2011).
 - (2) Illicit finance.—(A) An identification of individuals, entities, and networks that provide financial support or financial facilitation to transnational organized crime groups, and an assessment of the scope and role of those providing financial support to transnational organized crime groups.
 - (B) An assessment of methods by which transnational organized crime groups launder illicit proceeds, including trade-based money laundering, bulk cash smuggling, exploitation of shell companies,

- and misuse of digital currencies and other cyber technologies, as well as an assessment of the risk to the financial system of the United States of such methods.
 - (3) Goals, objectives, priorities, and actions.—(A) A comprehensive, research-based, quantifiable discussion of short-term and long-term goals, objectives, priorities, and actions, listed for each department and agency described under section 2(a), for combating the financing of transnational organized crime groups and their facilitators.
 - (B) A description of how the strategy is integrated into, and supports, the national security strategy, drug control strategy, and counterterrorism strategy of the United States.
 - (4) Reviews and proposed changes.—A review of current efforts to combat the financing or financial facilitation of transnational organized crime, including efforts to detect, deter, disrupt, and prosecute transnational organized crime groups and their supporters, and, if appropriate, proposed changes to any law or regulation determined to be appropriate to ensure that the United States pursues coordinated and effective efforts within the jurisdiction of the United States, including efforts or actions that

are being taken or can be taken by financial institutions, efforts in cooperation with international partners of the United States, and efforts that build partnerships and global capacity to combat transnational organized crime.

6 SEC. 4. DEFINITIONS.

7 In this Act:

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- 8 (1) Appropriate congressional commit-9 Tees.—The term "appropriate congressional com-10 mittees" means—
 - (A) the Committee on Financial Services, the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on the Judiciary, the Committee on Homeland Security, and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives; and
 - (B) the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs, the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on the Judiciary, the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs, and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate

of the Senate.

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1	(2) Federal functional regulator.—The
2	term "Federal functional regulator" has the mean-
3	ing given that term in section 509 of the Gramm-
4	Leach-Bliley Act (15 U.S.C. 6809).

- (3) TRANSNATIONAL ORGANIZED CRIME.—The term "transnational organized crime" refers to those self-perpetuating associations of individuals who operate transnationally for the purpose of obtaining power, influence, monetary or commercial gains, wholly or in part by illegal means, while—
 - (A) protecting their activities through a pattern of corruption or violence; or
 - (B) while protecting their illegal activities through a transnational organizational structure and the exploitation of transnational commerce or communication mechanisms.

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