Chairman Lynch, Ranking Member Emmer, and Members of the Task Force; thank you for the opportunity to offer testimony at this important hearing. My name is Don Cardinal and I serve as the managing Director of the Financial Data Exchange, commonly known as FDX.

The mission of FDX is to unify the financial industry around a common, interoperable, royalty-free standard for secure and convenient consumer and business access to their financial data.

“Further coordination among all of the stakeholders in [data sharing] – financial institutions, data aggregators, fintech providers, regulators and consumers themselves – will be critical to achieving a secure, inclusive and innovative financial data-sharing ecosystem that supports consumer financial health.”


FDX was founded by a group of the most innovative companies and engaged individuals operating in the financial services ecosystem and engaged in consumer permissioned financial data access. Collectively, the members represent over $2 trillion (and growing) in market capitalization that includes major financial institutions, financial technology (fintech) companies, a consumer group and major industry groups, with continuous recruitment efforts to expand consumer group participation and consumer outreach. FDX members have in-depth experience in consumer permissioned data-sharing organizations that include key positions related to industry efforts, developing market solutions and providing input to regulators and lawmakers.
FDX marks the formation of the most comprehensive industry ecosystem to address the common challenges of consumer-permissioned data sharing. FDX seeks, through the development and promotion of a common standard, to facilitate the secure exchange of information, and accelerate innovation while giving consumers greater control of their data and better awareness of how it is being used.

FDX had its origins in early 2017 as a grassroots effort of financial institutions, financial technology companies and data aggregators seeking to find common ground for a secure, consumer-focused data sharing framework. Recognizing the significant progress already made by FS-ISAC’s Aggregation Working Group in the 2015-2017 time period with its Durable Data Application Programming Interface (DDA) standard, FDX became a wholly owned, independent subsidiary of FS-ISAC\(^1\) in 2018. FS-ISAC assigned the DDA (now known as the FDX API)\(^2\) standard to FDX in October 2018 in connection with FDX’s launch. As a non-profit organization, FDX will implement and oversee this interoperable standard and operating framework, continuing the development, improvement and adoption of the FDX framework.

To achieve its mission, FDX will focus on five (5) core operating principles of providing consumers and businesses: Control, Access, Transparency, Traceability and Security. The FDX framework will additionally adopt, reference or define:

- Standards for financial data sharing;
- Standards for secure authentication and authorization;
- A certification program and standards body; and
- User experience, consent guidelines and best practices.

FDX is comprised of committees and working groups focused on the mission of the organization, the promoting of the adoption of the FDX API standard and ensuring interoperability. Membership in FDX is broadly open to (in addition to Financial Data Parties (as hereafter defined) individuals, non-profits and groups (consumer and industry) with an interest in furthering the mission and objectives of FDX as described herein. We encourage all members to join working groups and participate at FDX events so that the voices of all interested members can be heard and contribute to the successful and broad adoption of the FDX API standard. Members are encouraged to adopt and promote the standards released by FDX. FDX anticipates that once its certification programs and procedures are established, widespread adoption of the FDX API as the industry standard will benefit consumers through consistent standards across platforms related to control, access, transparency, traceability and security of their financial data.

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\(^1\) Financial Services Information Sharing and Analysis Center (FS-ISAC) is an industry consortium dedicated to reducing cyber-risk in the global financial system. Serving financial institutions around the globe and in turn their customers, FS-ISAC leverages its intelligence platform, resiliency resources and a trusted peer-to-peer network of experts to anticipate, mitigate and respond to cyber threats.

\(^2\) See “The ABC’s of APIs” by visiting the FDX website at: www.financialdataexchange.org
FDX will promote royalty-free technology specifications – ensuring greater adoption – and will provide a certification program for parties wishing to mark their financial products and programs as compliant to FDX API standards.

**Why FDX?**

FDX was organized with the consumer in mind to ensure that the financial institutions, permissioned application providers/developers, financial data aggregators and other financial technology companies (collectively referred to herein as “Financial Data Parties”) can more readily and securely assist consumers in achieving their financial needs, better managing their finances and improving their financial health.

> “Consumer-authorized access and use of consumer financial account data may enable the development of innovative and improved financial products and services, increase competition in financial markets, and empower consumers to take greater control of their financial lives. To accomplish these objectives, however, such access and use must be designed and implemented to serve and protect consumers.”


Consumers are increasingly utilizing online financial management services, payments, credit decisioning and more that are provided by companies that are often not affiliated with their primary financial institution (where consumer financial information is often located). To utilize these services, consumers need the ability to authorize access to their financial data from their financial institutions to other Financial Data Parties in a convenient, secure and reliable manner.

**The Five Principles of Consumer-First Data Sharing**

- **Control**
- **Access**
- **Transparency**
- **Traceability**
- **Security**

FDX API
Tokenized Access

- Custodian of Consumer Financial Data
  - Including FI and Fintechs
- Consumer
- Data Aggregator
- Data Consumer
  - Lender/Fintech
- Data Users
In order to give these parties access to their financial records, consumers have historically provided their login credentials (keys) to financial applications or data aggregators. In most cases, financial apps do not store the keys, but instead pass these credentials via an Application Programming Interface (API) to the data aggregator. The financial application or data aggregator can then access the financial institution website and retrieve the consumers’ data (this process is known as screen scraping). While the consumer is granting rights to the financial application or to the data aggregator to use and store their keys, the use of APIs and token-based mechanisms for accessing data, as described herein, aims to eliminate the need to store keys and are generally seen as more secure and reliable. Implementing FDX’s mission, objectives and operating principles on terms and conditions clearly understood and dictated by the consumer will address many of the concerns faced by consumers, industry and regulators today.

“During outreach meetings with Treasury, there was universal agreement among financial services companies, data aggregators, consumer fintech application providers, consumer advocates, and regulators that the sharing of login credentials constitutes a highly risky practice. APIs are a potentially more secure method of accessing financial account and transaction data than screen-scraping.”


In October 2016, the Center for Financial Services Innovation (CFSI) published a white paper that recommended all players come together to create standards for consumer data access. CFSI envisioned:

“An inclusive and secure financial data ecosystem is one in which financial institutions, data aggregators and third-party application providers coordinate to provide data to consumers.”

FDX believes in listening to all industry voices and coordinating with the various participants to benefit the consumer. An industry-led initiative such as FDX offers the shortest critical path to realizing the benefits of secure, consumer-permissioned data sharing.

Other industries have successfully created Special Interest Groups to address such industry challenges. The Bluetooth Special Interest Group and the Mortgage Industry Standards and Maintenance Organization (MISMO) are good examples of the voices of industry coming together to successfully create a common standard. FDX is another such example of multiple parties in an ecosystem coming together to form an organization singularly focused on a defined mission and established objectives.
FDX Mission and Objectives

“Treasury sees a need to remove legal and regulatory uncertainties currently holding back financial services companies and data aggregators from establishing data sharing agreements that effectively move firms away from screen-scraping to more secure and efficient methods of data access. Treasury believes that the U.S. market would be best served by a solution developed by the private sector, with appropriate involvement of federal and state financial regulators. A potential solution should address data sharing, security, and liability. Treasury recommends that any potential solution discussed in the prior recommendation address the standardization of data elements as part of improving consumers’ access to their data.”


The mission of FDX is to unify the financial industry around a common, interoperable, royalty-free standard for secure and convenient consumer and business access to their financial data. Doing so will empower consumers to make information-based decisions on their personal finances and help increase financial literacy. FDX will accomplish its mission through execution of the following objectives:

- **Define Use Case Profiles**: FDX will define use case profiles describing consumer-permissioned scenarios within the financial data ecosystem. FDX will adopt and promote principles for data sharing across all use case profiles. Members will be able to qualify their solutions for one or more profiles.

- **Adopt, Promote and Improve Data-Sharing Standards**: FDX will develop and promote the FDX API standard and brand to help ensure financial data is timely, consistent, and accurate. Membership in FDX will allow use of and/or contribution to the specifications.

- **Adopt, Promote and Improve Secure Authentication Standards**: Consumers should not have to reveal their account login credentials to third parties to share financial data in the applications they choose. FDX will adopt modern standards in the FDX API specification in accordance with industry best practices with regard to authentication, authorization, data privacy and security in order to eventually do away with sharing login credentials with third parties to reduce risk to consumers.

- **Develop a Certification Program**: FDX will create a qualification and certification program to ensure common implementation and interoperability. Products (i.e., programs and apps for consumer-permissioned financial data sharing) will be approved by FDX through the certification program, to test the technical compatibility/interoperability, prior to being marketed as a compliant product, or getting access to certain intellectual property rights.

- **Develop User Experience and Consent Guidelines Best Practices**: FDX will document the steps and show examples of recommended user experiences across the end-to-end data sharing workflow to permit users to establish their financial data sharing connections with ease and full transparency and control. These steps will span across
the lifecycle of creating a connection, managing a connection, and revoking a connection, including the steps of disclosure, authentication and authorization.

- **Seek Broad Adoption of the FDX API Standard**: FDX will seek universal adoption of the FDX API standard. Significant adoption by financial industry participants will be required to realize the full benefit of establishing a unifying standard.

- **Future Applications**: Achieving FDX’s mission and objectives through its operating principles and broad adoption of the FDX API standard may further support the development of a liability framework by the appropriate parties as encouraged by the U.S. Dept. of Treasury.

**FDX Operating Principles**

“Consumer Protection Principles [are] intended to reiterate the importance of consumer interests to all stakeholders in the developing market for services based on the consumer-authorized use of financial data. [These Principles include] ...Access..., Control and Informed Consent..., Security..., Access Transparency... and Efficient and Effective Accountability Mechanisms [Traceability].”


FDX believes accessible, consumer-permissioned financial data sharing not only enables consumers to better understand their financial situation, but also serves as a catalyst for innovation in the financial industry by seeking to:

- Empower consumers and organizations alike to leverage, and benefit from, their financial data.
- Facilitate access to financial data to improve financial literacy, financial decisions and convenience.
- Develop principles in concert with thought leaders in the financial industry as well as regulatory entities and worldwide standards bodies.

To ensure FDX always serves the best interests of consumers, its work and operations are based on five (5) core principles:

1.) **Control**: Consumers should be able to permission their financial data for services or applications.³
   - a. All Financial Data Parties should provide clear, intuitive navigation and information to consumers, allowing informed decision making on sharing financial data.

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³ Members of FDX (and certain additional parties agreeing to FDX’s Terms & Conditions) have access to FDX’s “Control Considerations for Consumer Financial Account Aggregation Services” (Control Considerations). See Control Considerations: Overview – The Solution.
b. Consumers should have the ability through easy, intuitive interfaces, to effortlessly grant, modify and revoke access to their financial data for applications or services they desire to use.

2.) **Access:** Account owners should have access to their data and the ability to determine which Financial Data Parties will have access to their data.
   a. Intuitive navigation: The authentication process should avoid unnecessary steps or language that delays, interrupts, or impedes access.
   b. Speed of access: Hand-off between parties and systems should be convenient, smooth, secure and efficient. Time-consuming or confusing experiences represent a barrier and frustrate consumers.
   c. Responsible Access: Consumers should provide informed consent (with the ability to revoke that consent) for any and all access granted to Financial Data Parties. These parties will then only have access for the purposes for which the consent was provided.

3.) **Transparency:** Individuals using financial services should know how, when, and for what purpose their data is used. Only data that is required to provide such services should be shared with the organization providing the service.
   a. Consumers should be able to view who they have permissioned, as outlined above in “Control.”
   b. When permissioning a new service, consumers should be fully informed regarding what their data is used for, how long the service can access that data, who it is used by, and under which terms the service is provided.

4.) **Traceability:** All data transfers should be traceable. Consumers should have a complete view of all Financial Data Parties that are involved in the data-sharing flow.
   a. Data users (organizations and service providers) should know each step the data takes in order to permit the consumers to follow the path for each data flow. Data flows should be easily traceable and logged as the data traverses (i.e., from the financial institution through the aggregator and to the applications) in order to aid the pinpointing of potential errors or suspicious connections.\(^4\)
   b. Traceability may be used to support operational efficiencies and remediation activities. Additionally, it may also result in the faster detection and response to potential errors and suspicious traffic, as well as helping to pinpoint the source of the issue.

5.) **Security:** Financial Data Parties need to ensure the safety and privacy of data during access and transport and when that data is at rest.\(^5\)
   a. Financial Data Parties need to provide clear definitions on data usage and privacy, permitting consumers to make educated decisions.

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\(^4\) See Control Considerations: Intermediary Identity – Benefits.
\(^5\) See Control Considerations: Aggregation and Security Guidelines.
b. All parties involved in the data-sharing ecosystem must have appropriate security policies and practices in place. These practices should reflect best-in-class standards and be improved upon continuously.

c. Security should empower consumer control, access, transparency, and traceability and should not be implemented in a manner that introduces friction points or other features that contravene these principles.

FDX fully expects all members to quickly move towards implementation that supports these core principles – and provides required support so all members are able to adopt them.

**FDX Operations**

FDX is working to align the financial industry around a single technology standard and solution qualification program that ensures “out of the box” interoperability. It will accomplish this through a technology organization structure similar to other technology initiatives that have successfully aligned other industries.

FDX’s four (4) primary activities are to:

1.) Publish data and authentication standards, specifications, and best practices for defined use cases;
2.) Evangelize the FDX API standard and promote and enable rapid adoption of the standard;
3.) Protect FDX trademarks and intellectual property while ensuring the specifications remain royalty free; and,
4.) Administer the qualification and certification program.

**U.S. Customers on the FDX API**

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Committees and Working Groups

The FDX board of directors is comprised of financial institutions, financial technology companies, data aggregators and permissioned parties. The board, along with all FDX members, works diligently to continue to develop and improve the FDX API. In order to engage the participants in an ecosystem that represents multiple voices in the industry, FDX created several committees and working groups with active and ongoing participation from member organizations.  

1.) Technical Review Committee: tasked with the ongoing maintenance and improvement of the FDX API technical specification, along with adopting or building other technical solutions to promote FDX objectives. The Technical Review Committee oversees several working groups to achieve these goals.

2.) APIs/Data Structures Working Group: tasked with creating programs and processes that will certify proper implementation of the FDX API standard, ensuring interoperability.

3.) Security & Authentication Working Group: tasked with the design of appropriate security and authentication protocols and related matters.

4.) Marketing and Public Relations Working Group and Government Affairs Task Force: responsible for membership, marketing, government outreach, public relations and event planning.

5.) User Experience/Consent Working Group: focused on best practices for user experience, consent matters and user engagement. The working group will work closely with the Consumer Advocacy Working Group in order to improve standards, specifications, best practices relating to the consumer experience.

6.) Open Financial Exchange: As of July 2019, OFX has joined FDX as a working group to enable development of a unified standard. The independent working group is tasked with maintaining and evolving the OFX standard as necessary to support the existing OFX implementations, while leveraging the use cases and work between the OFX and FDX standards and providing a migration path to FDX for OFX users wishing to migrate.

7.) Consumer Advocacy Working Group: composed of non-profit consumer advocacy groups who will elect from among themselves a board level observer. The consumer advocacy members will provide input and recommendations at the working group and board level to ensure that consumer needs, security, experiences and rights are kept at the forefront of FDX’s decision making process.

Comparison with Other Industry Forums

FDX’s mission and approach is unique to any existing financial industry forum. With its focus on creating an interoperable standard by financial use case, it expects to adopt or extend existing standards and innovate new ones to accomplish its objectives. FDX is the first industry group with a broad range of support and active membership by major industry participants: financial institutions, permissioned application providers, financial technology companies, financial

6 Members of FDX may request a copy of the Charter Documents for each of the Working Groups referenced herein.
industry groups, data aggregators and consumer groups. Despite the size of many of its members, FDX is open to nonprofits and consumer groups (at discounted rates) and individual industry participants. FDX was founded with benefits to the consumer in mind. The protection and ease of permissioned sharing of consumers’ financial data through the adoption of a common, interoperable, royalty-free standard for secure and convenient consumer and business access to their financial data remains FDX’s top priority.